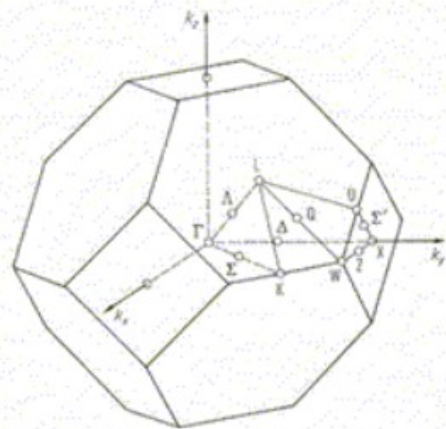
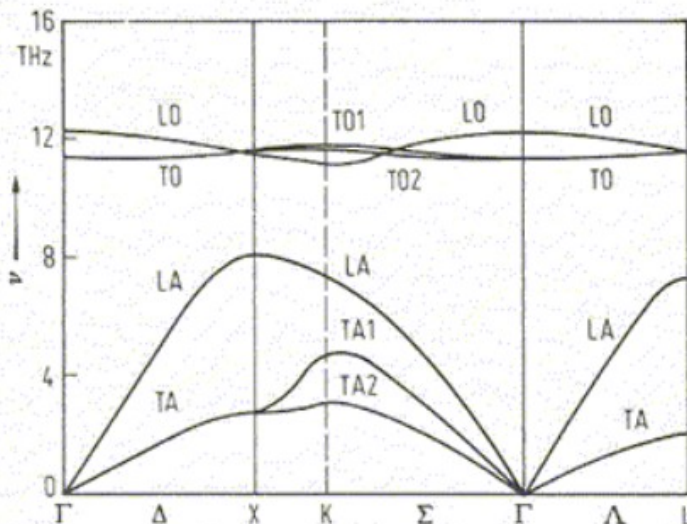


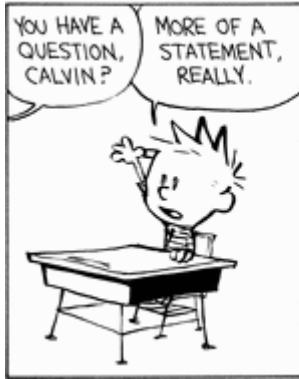
**HOMEWORK SET 06**  
 Theory of Condensed Matter  
 UFV/TKL1/99 lecture by Martin Gmitra  
 Winter Semester 2024, room KNKTFA

- [2 points] In one-dimensional chain of identical atoms separated by the distance  $a$  there are  $N_{\text{modes}}$  independent vibration modes calculated within the first Brillouin zone  

$$N_{\text{modes}} = \int_{-\pi/a}^{\pi/a} dq \left( \frac{L}{2\pi} \right) = \frac{L}{a} = N_{\text{atoms}}$$
 meaning that we have one mode for each atom in the lattice. How many modes we will have in 3D lattice with one atom per unit cell?
- [2 points] Calculate density of states for the phonon modes as a function of the modes frequency  $\omega$  for one-dimensional chain with one atom in the unit cell considering spring constants between nearest neighbors only as discussed on lecture.
- In long wave limit, where the wave-length  $\ell \gg d$  (much larger than the lattice constant  $d$ ) the  $q = 2\pi/\ell \ll 2\pi/d$  and  $qd \ll 1$  the  $q$  is small meaning close to the Brillouin zone center. Calculate the sound velocities  $v = d\omega/dq$  for the acoustic modes in one-dimensional linear chain
  - [1 point] with one atom in the basis
  - [2 points] with two different atoms in the basis
- [1 point] Sketch density of states for diatomic one-dimensional linear chain and identify the positions of van Hove singularities for both the acoustic and optical branches.
- [2 points] Consider one-dimensional chain with one atom in unit cell. Show that when higher-order spring constants  $K_j$  acting between other than nearest neighbors can not be ignored, the dispersion relation reads  $\omega(q)^2 = \frac{2}{M} \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} K_j (1 - \cos(jqd))$ .
- Below is shown phonon dispersion for a fcc crystal along the high symmetry lines in the first Brillouin zone. Assume a lattice constant  $a = 2 \text{ \AA}$ 
  - [1 extra point] How many atoms are in the primitive unit cell of the crystal?
  - [2 extra points] Estimate speed of sounds for the  $\Delta$ ,  $\Sigma$  and  $\Lambda$  directions.
  - [1 extra point] What is the shortest phonon wavelength possible in this crystal?
  - [3 extra points] Which of these phonon states would be more than 30% occupied at 300 K?



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I JUST WANT TO SAY THAT EDUCATION IS OUR MOST IMPORTANT INVESTMENT IN THE FUTURE, AND IT'S SCANDALOUS HOW LITTLE OUR EDUCATORS ARE PAID!

