

HOMEWORK SET 11
 Theory of Condensed Matter
 UFV/TKL1/99 lecture by Martin Gmitra
 Winter Semester 2023, room: SJSP16

1. [1 point] Show that energy of the Cooper pair $\varepsilon = 2\varepsilon_F + \frac{2\hbar\omega_D}{1 - e^{1/Vg(\varepsilon_F)}}$ is equal for $Vg(\varepsilon_F) \ll 1$ to $\varepsilon \simeq 2\varepsilon_F - 2\hbar\omega_D e^{-1/Vg(\varepsilon_F)}$ (refer to lecture notes).
2. [4 points] Check the following properties for the elements of the unitary matrix diagonalizing the Bogoliubov-de Gennes Hamiltonian (refer to lecture notes)
 - a) $|u_k|^2 = \frac{1}{2} \left(1 + \frac{\varepsilon_k}{E_k} \right)$ and $|v_k|^2 = \frac{1}{2} \left(1 - \frac{\varepsilon_k}{E_k} \right)$
 - b) $|u_k|^2 + |v_k|^2 = 1$
 - c) $|u_k|^2 - |v_k|^2 = \frac{\varepsilon_k}{E_k}$
 - d) $u_k v_k^* = -e^{i(\varphi_\Delta + \pi)} \frac{|\Delta|}{2E_k} = \frac{\Delta}{2E_k}$
3. [1 point] Check the anticommutation for the Bogoliubov quasiparticles $\{b_{\mathbf{k},\sigma}, b_{\mathbf{k}',\sigma'}^\dagger\} = \delta_{\mathbf{k},\mathbf{k}'} \delta_{\sigma,\sigma'}$.
4. By using the pair operators $\beta_{\mathbf{k}}^\dagger = a_{\mathbf{k}\uparrow}^\dagger a_{-\mathbf{k}\downarrow}^\dagger$ and $\beta_{\mathbf{k}} = a_{-\mathbf{k}\downarrow} a_{\mathbf{k}\uparrow}$
 - a) [1 point] check that $[\beta_{\mathbf{k}}, \beta_{\mathbf{k}'}^\dagger] = \beta_{\mathbf{k}} \beta_{\mathbf{k}'}^\dagger - \beta_{\mathbf{k}'}^\dagger \beta_{\mathbf{k}} = 0$ for $\mathbf{k} \neq \mathbf{k}'$;
 $[\beta_{\mathbf{k}}, \beta_{\mathbf{k}}^\dagger] = \beta_{\mathbf{k}} \beta_{\mathbf{k}}^\dagger - \beta_{\mathbf{k}}^\dagger \beta_{\mathbf{k}} = 1 - (n_{\mathbf{k}\uparrow} + n_{-\mathbf{k}\downarrow})$, and $[\beta_{\mathbf{k}}, \beta_{\mathbf{k}'}] = [\beta_{\mathbf{k}}^\dagger, \beta_{\mathbf{k}'}^\dagger] = 0$
 - b) [1 point] when the pair operators satisfy the Bose-Einstein statistics and when they satisfy the Pauli principle?
 - c) [2 points] show that BCS Hamiltonian $\mathcal{H} = \sum_{\mathbf{k}\sigma} \varepsilon_{\mathbf{k}} a_{\mathbf{k}\sigma}^\dagger a_{\mathbf{k}\sigma} + \sum_{\mathbf{k}\mathbf{k}'} V_{\mathbf{k}\mathbf{k}'} a_{\mathbf{k}'\uparrow}^\dagger a_{-\mathbf{k}'\downarrow}^\dagger a_{-\mathbf{k}\downarrow} a_{\mathbf{k}\uparrow}$ can be written in the form $\mathcal{H}^\beta = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} 2\varepsilon_{\mathbf{k}} \beta_{\mathbf{k}}^\dagger \beta_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{\mathbf{k}\mathbf{k}'} V_{\mathbf{k}\mathbf{k}'} \beta_{\mathbf{k}}^\dagger \beta_{\mathbf{k}'}$
5. Consider a metal described by the BCS Hamiltonian given in task 4 c) and let $V_{\mathbf{k}\mathbf{k}'} = \lambda|\varepsilon_{\mathbf{k}}||\varepsilon_{\mathbf{k}'}|$ for $|\varepsilon_{\mathbf{k}}| < \hbar\omega_D, |\varepsilon_{\mathbf{k}'}| < \hbar\omega_D$, and $V_{\mathbf{k}\mathbf{k}'} = 0$ otherwise. The $\varepsilon_{\mathbf{k}}$ is measured from the Fermi level.
 - a) [2 extra points] Solve the gap equation for zero temperature.
 - b) [2 extra points] What is the criterion for the existence of superconductivity? (gap at T_c)
 - c) [3 extra points] Sketch the density of states of excited states as a function of energy.
6. [5 extra points] Calculate for lead (Pb) coherence length, value of the specific heat discontinuity ΔC at $T = T_c$, and find temperature dependence of the critical field H_c .
Hint: look up literature sources at the shared disk.

